INTRODUCTION
Haptoglobin is an acute phase protein that is elevated in dog serum due to injury, infection or disease. In studies at Life Diagnostics, Inc., we found levels ranging from 0.03 to 7.4 mg/ml in serum from dogs identified as sick by veterinarians. Anderson et. al., found that haptoglobin was elevated >400-fold in cerebrospinal fluid of dogs with spinal cord injury. Haptoglobin is also used as a biomarker for diagnosis and monitoring of lymphoma in dogs.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY
The assay uses affinity purified dog haptoglobin antibodies for solid phase (microtiter wells) immobilization and horseradish peroxidase (HRP) conjugated dog haptoglobin antibodies for detection. Standards and diluted samples are incubated in the microtiter wells for 45 minutes. The wells are subsequently washed. HRP conjugate is added and incubated for 45 minutes. This results in haptoglobin molecules being sandwiched between the immobilization and detection antibodies. The wells are then washed to remove unbound HRP-conjugate and TMB is added and incubated for 20 minutes. If haptoglobin is present a blue color develops. Color development is stopped by the addition of Stop solution, changing the color to yellow, and absorbance is measured at 450 nm. The concentration of haptoglobin is proportional to absorbance and is derived from a standard curve.

MATERIALS AND COMPONENTS
Materials provided with the kit:
- Haptoglobin antibody coated 96-well plate (12 x 8-well strips)
- HRP Conjugate, 11 ml
- Haptoglobin stock (lyophilized)
- 20x Wash solution; TBS50-20, 50 ml
- 10x Diluent; YD25-10, 25 ml
- TMB, TMB11-1, 11 ml
- Stop solution, SS11-1, 11 ml

Materials required but not provided:
- Pipettors and tips
- Distilled or deionized water
- Polypropylene or glass tubes
- Vortex mixer
- Absorbent paper or paper towels
- Plate incubator/shaker
- Plate washer
- Plate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Curve fitting software

STORAGE
The unused kit should be stored at 2-8°C and the microtiter plate should be kept in a sealed bag with desiccant. Kits will remain stable for six months from the date of purchase.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS
1. Reliable and reproducible results will be obtained when the assay is carried out with a complete understanding of the instructions and with adherence to good laboratory practice.
2. The wash procedure is critical. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely elevated absorbance readings.
3. Laboratory temperature will influence absorbance readings. Our ELISA kits are calibrated using shaking incubators set at 150 rpm and 25°C. Performance of the assay at lower temperatures will result in lower absorbance values.

DILUENT PREPARATION
The diluent is provided as a 10x stock. Prior to use estimate the final volume of diluent required for your assay and dilute one volume of the 10x stock with nine volumes of distilled or deionized water.

WASH SOLUTION PREPARATION
The wash solution is provided as a 20x stock. Prior to use, dilute the contents of the bottle (50 ml) with 950 ml of distilled or deionized water.

STANDARD PREPARATION
1. The dog haptoglobin stock is provided lyophilized. Add the volume of distilled or deionized water indicated on the vial label and mix gently until dissolved to obtain a 2 µg/ml dog haptoglobin stock (the reconstituted standard remains stable for at least 1 day at 2-8°C but should be aliquoted and frozen at -20°C after reconstitution if use beyond this time is intended).
2. Label 7 polypropylene or glass tubes as 125, 62.5, 31.2, 15.6, 7.8, 3.9 and 1.95 ng/ml.
3. Dispense 937.5 µl of diluent into the tube labeled 125 ng/ml and mix. This provides the 125 ng/ml haptoglobin standard.
4. Prepare a 62.5 ng/ml standard by diluting and mixing 300 µl of the 125 ng/ml standard with 300 µl of diluent in the remaining tubes.
5. Prepare a 31.2 ng/ml standard by diluting and mixing 150 µl of the 62.5 ng/ml standard with 150 µl of diluent in the tube labeled 62.5 ng/ml.
6. Prepare a 15.6 ng/ml standard by diluting and mixing 75 µl of the 31.2 ng/ml standard with 75 µl of diluent in the tube labeled 31.2 ng/ml.
7. Prepare a 7.8 ng/ml standard by diluting and mixing 37.5 µl of the 15.6 ng/ml standard with 37.5 µl of diluent in the tube labeled 15.6 ng/ml.
8. Prepare a 3.9 ng/ml standard by diluting and mixing 18.75 µl of the 7.8 ng/ml standard with 18.75 µl of diluent in the tube labeled 7.8 ng/ml.
9. Prepare a 1.95 ng/ml standard by diluting and mixing 9.375 µl of the 3.9 ng/ml standard with 9.375 µl of diluent in the tube labeled 3.9 ng/ml.

SAMPLE PREPARATION
Because of the wide range of haptoglobin levels that may be found in dog serum, we suggest testing samples at dilutions of 10,000-fold and 125,000-fold to obtain values within range of the standard curve. These dilutions may be obtained as follows.
1. Dispense 198 µl of the serum/plasma sample into the tube containing 198 µl of 1x diluent.
2. Dispense 99 µl of diluent into the tube labeled 125 ng/ml and mix. This provides the 125 ng/ml haptoglobin standard.
3. Dispense 66 µl of diluent into the tube labeled 62.5 ng/ml and mix. This provides the 62.5 ng/ml haptoglobin standard.
4. Dispense 33 µl of diluent into the tube labeled 31.2 ng/ml and mix. This provides the 31.2 ng/ml haptoglobin standard.
5. Dispense 16 µl of diluent into the tube labeled 15.6 ng/ml and mix. This provides the 15.6 ng/ml haptoglobin standard.
6. Dispense 8 µl of diluent into the tube labeled 7.8 ng/ml and mix. This provides the 7.8 ng/ml haptoglobin standard.
7. Dispense 4 µl of diluent into the tube labeled 3.9 ng/ml and mix. This provides the 3.9 ng/ml haptoglobin standard.
8. Dispense 2 µl of diluent into the tube labeled 1.95 ng/ml and mix. This provides the 1.95 ng/ml haptoglobin standard.

ASSAY PROCEDURE
1. Secure the desired number of 8-well strips in the holder. Unused strips should be stored in the re-sealed bag with desiccant at 2-8°C for future use.
2. Dispense 100 µl of standards and samples into the wells (we recommend that standards and samples be run in duplicate).
3. Incubate on an orbital micro-plate shaker at 150 rpm and 25°C for 45 minutes.
4. Empty and wash the microtiter wells 5x with 1x wash solution using a plate washer (400 µl/well).
5. Strike the wells sharply onto absorbent paper or paper towels to remove all residual droplets.
6. Add 100 µl of HRP-conjugate into each well.
7. Incubate on a plate shaker at 150 rpm and 25°C for 45 minutes.
8. Wash as detailed above.
9. Strike the wells sharply onto absorbent paper or paper towels to remove residual droplets.
10. Dispense 100 µl of TMB into each well.
11. Incubate on an orbital micro-plate shaker at 150 rpm at 25°C for 20 minutes.
12. After 20-minutes, stop the reaction by adding 100 µl of Stop solution to each well.
13. Gently mix. It is important to make sure that all the blue color changes to yellow.
14. Read absorbance at 450 nm with a plate reader within 5 minutes.

**CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

1. Using curve fitting software, construct a standard curve by plotting absorbance values of the standards versus log$_{10}$ of the concentration.
2. Fit the standard curve to a four-parameter logistic regression (4PL) equation (x axis = log$_{10}$ concentration) and determine the concentration of the samples from the standard curve (remember to derive the concentration from the antilog).
3. Multiply the derived concentration by the dilution factor to determine the actual concentration in the serum or plasma sample.
4. If the $A_{450}$ values of samples fall outside the standard curve, samples should be diluted appropriately and re-tested.

**TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE**

A typical standard curve with absorbance at 450nm on the Y-axis against haptoglobin concentrations on the X-axis is shown below. This curve is for illustration only and should not be used to calculate unknowns. Each user should obtain his or her data and standard curve in each experiment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Haptoglobin (ng/ml)</th>
<th>$A_{450}$</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>125</td>
<td>3.590</td>
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<td>62.5</td>
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**REFERENCES**


Rev 121317
For technical assistance please email us at techsupport@lifediagnostics.com