

# Mouse Anti-DNP IgM ELISA

## Life Diagnostics, Inc., Catalog Number: DNPM-1

### INTRODUCTION

Haptens such as dinitrophenol (DNP), when attached to carrier proteins such as ovalbumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) and injected into animals, produce a strong immune response. By measuring changes in the levels of anti-DNP IgM and IgG in appropriate animal models, researchers can assess the impact of pharmacologic or genetic manipulations on the immune system. Life Diagnostics, Inc. offers a simple ELISA for measurement of mouse anti-DNP IgM. We also manufacture ELISA kits for mouse anti-DNP IgG and rat anti-DNP IgM and IgG.

### PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

The mouse anti-DNP IgM test kit is based on a solid phase enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). The assay uses DNP-BSA as the capture antigen (coated on the microtiter wells) and horseradish peroxidase (HRP) conjugated anti-mouse IgM antibodies for detection. Serum or plasma samples are diluted and incubated alongside standards in the microtiter wells for 45 minutes. The wells are subsequently washed, and HRP conjugate is added and incubated for 45 minutes. Anti-DNP IgM molecules are thus sandwiched between immobilized DNP and the detection antibody conjugate. The wells are then washed to remove unbound HRP-labeled antibodies, and TMB Reagent is added and incubated for 20 minutes at room temperature. This results in the development of a blue color. Color development is stopped by the addition of Stop Solution, changing the color to yellow. Optical density is measured spectrophotometrically at 450 nm. The concentration of anti-DNP IgM is proportional to the absorbance at 450 nm and is derived from a standard curve.

### MATERIALS AND COMPONENTS

#### Materials provided with the kit:

- DNP-BSA Coated 96-well Plate (provided as 12 strips of 8 wells)
- Anti-Mouse IgM HRP Conjugate Stock, 11 ml
- Reference Standard<sup>1</sup> (lyophilized), 1 vial
- 20x Wash Solution: TBS50-20, 50 ml
- Diluent: YD50-1, 50 ml
- TMB Reagent: TMB11-1, 11 ml
- Stop Solution (1N HCl): SS11-1, 11 ml

#### Materials required but not provided:

- Precision pipettes and tips
- Distilled or deionized water
- Polypropylene or glass tubes
- Vortex mixer
- Absorbent paper or paper towels
- Micro-plate incubator/shaker mixing speed of 150 rpm
- Plate washer
- Plate reader with an optical density range of 0-4 at 450nm
- Graph paper (PC graphing software is optional)

<sup>1</sup> Mouse anti-DNP IgM levels are measured in nominal units and are calibrated using pooled anti-DNP mouse serum prepared at Life Diagnostics, Inc.

### STORAGE

The kit should be stored at 4°C. The microtiter plate should be kept in a sealed bag with desiccant to minimize exposure to damp air. Test kits will remain stable for six months from the date of purchase provided that the components are stored as described above.

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

1. Please read and understand the instructions thoroughly before using the kit.
2. This kit is designed to measure anti-DNP IgM levels in serum collected approximately 7 days after immunization with DNP-carrier protein conjugates. Serum collected at post-immunization times greater than 7 days may contain high levels of anti-DNP IgG that compete with anti-DNP IgM for the immobilized DNP, thereby causing interference.
3. Because DNP-modified BSA is used as the capture antigen, it is important that a carrier protein other than albumin (e.g., KLH or ovalbumin) be used to immunize mice.
4. All reagents should be allowed to reach room temperature (25°C) before use.
5. The optimal sample dilution should be determined empirically. However, studies performed at Life Diagnostics, Inc. suggest an initial sample dilution of 3,000-fold be used. Please do not use dilutions less than 25-fold.
6. Optimal results are achieved if, at each step, reagents are pipetted into the wells of the microtiter plate within 5 minutes.

### WASH SOLUTION PREPARATION

The wash solution is provided as a 20x stock. Prior to use, dilute the contents of the bottle (50 ml) with 950 ml of distilled or deionized water.

### STANDARD PREPARATION

1. The mouse anti-DNP IgM standard is provided as a lyophilized stock. Reconstitute the stock as described on the vial label (**the reconstituted reference standard remains stable at 4°C for at least one week but should be aliquoted and frozen at -20°C if use beyond this time is intended**).
2. Label 6 polypropylene or glass tubes as 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25 and 3.125 u/ml.
3. In the tube labeled 100 u/ml prepare the 100 u/ml standard as detailed on the stock vial label.
4. Dispense 250 µl of diluent into the remaining tubes.
5. Prepare a 50 u/ml standard by diluting and mixing 250 µl of the 100 u/ml standard with 250 µl of diluent in the tube labeled 50 u/ml.
6. Similarly prepare the 25, 12.5, 6.25 and 3.125 u/ml standards by serial dilution.

### SAMPLE PREPARATION

General Note: In studies at Life Diagnostics, Inc., using serum from DNP-KLH immunized mice, levels of  $335,119 \pm 99,697$  u/ml (mean  $\pm$  SD, n = 10) were observed seven days after immunization. Levels will vary with the immunization protocol and the DNP carrier protein. We **suggest** that samples initially be diluted 10,000-fold using the following procedure for each sample to be tested but optimal dilutions must be determined empirically. A 10,000-fold dilution may be achieved as follows:

1. Dispense 495  $\mu\text{l}$  and 297  $\mu\text{l}$  of diluent into separate polypropylene or glass tubes.
2. Pipette and mix 5  $\mu\text{l}$  of the serum sample into the tube containing 495  $\mu\text{l}$  of diluent. This provides a 100-fold diluted sample.
3. Dilute 3  $\mu\text{l}$  of the 100-fold diluted sample into the tube containing 297  $\mu\text{l}$  of diluent and mix. This provides a 10,000-fold diluted sample.
4. Repeat this procedure for each sample to be tested.

#### ASSAY PROCEDURE

1. Secure the desired number of coated wells in the holder.
2. Dispense 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of standards and diluted samples into the wells (we recommend that samples be tested in triplicate).
3. Incubate on an orbital micro-plate shaker at 100-150 rpm at room temperature (25°C) for 45 minutes.
4. Aspirate the contents of the microtiter wells and wash the wells 5 times with 1x wash solution using a plate washer (400  $\mu\text{l}$ /well). The entire wash procedure should be performed as quickly as possible.
5. Strike the wells sharply onto absorbent paper or paper towels to remove all residual wash buffer.
6. Add 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of diluted HRP conjugate into each well.
7. Incubate on an orbital micro-plate shaker at 100-150 rpm at room temperature (25°C) for 45 minutes.
8. Wash as detailed in 4 to 5 above.
9. Dispense 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of TMB Reagent into each well.
10. Gently mix on an orbital micro-plate shaker at 100-150 rpm at room temperature (25°C) for 20 minutes.
11. Stop the reaction by adding 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of Stop Solution to each well.
12. Gently mix. *It is important to make sure that all the blue color changes to yellow.*
13. Read the optical density at 450 nm with a microtiter plate reader within 5 minutes.

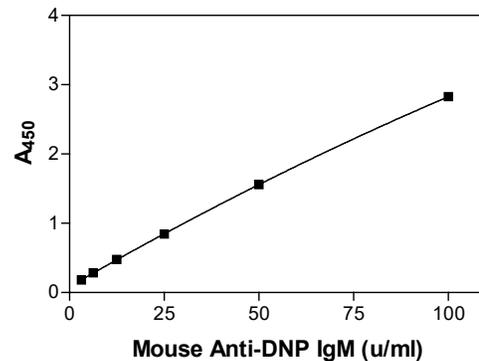
#### CALCULATION OF RESULTS

1. Calculate the average absorbance values ( $A_{450}$ ) for each set of reference standards and samples.
2. Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance obtained from each reference standard against its concentration in u/ml on linear graph paper, with absorbance values on the vertical or Y-axis and concentrations on the horizontal or X-axis.
3. Using the mean absorbance value for each sample, determine the corresponding concentration of anti-DNP IgM in u/ml from the standard curve.
4. Multiply the derived concentration by the dilution factor to determine the actual concentration of anti-DNP IgM in the serum/plasma sample.
5. PC graphing software may be used for the above steps.
6. If the  $OD_{450}$  values of samples fall outside the standard curve when tested at a dilution of 10,000, samples should be diluted appropriately and re-tested.

#### TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE

A typical standard curve with optical density readings at 450nm on the Y-axis against anti-DNP IgM concentrations on the X-axis is shown below. This curve is for the purpose of illustration only and should not be used to calculate unknowns.

Anti-DNP IgM (u/ml)	$A_{450}$
100	2.827
50	1.558
25	0.847
12.5	0.478
6.25	0.284
3.125	0.183



#### LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

1. Reliable and reproducible results will be obtained when the assay procedure is carried out with a complete understanding of and in accordance with the instructions detailed above.
2. The wash procedure is critical. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely elevated absorbance readings.
3. Kits are validated using shaking incubators set at 150 rpm and 25°C. Performance of the assay at lower temperatures and/or mixing speeds will likely result in lower absorbance values.

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For technical assistance please email us at  
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