

# PIG CRP SPARCL™ ASSAY

## Life Diagnostics, Inc., Catalog Number: CRP-SP-9

### INTRODUCTION

CRP is an acute phase protein that is elevated in serum as a result of injury, infection and disease. Baseline levels of CRP in pigs range from 5-30 µg/ml. Levels may increase 10-25 fold during the acute phase response (refs 1-4). Measurement of CRP provides a convenient biomarker of inflammation and disease.

### PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

The pig CRP SPARCL™<sup>1</sup> (Spatial Proximity Analyte Reagent Capture Luminescence, ref 5) assay uses two different affinity purified CRP-specific antibodies. One is conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP) and the other is conjugated to acridan, a chemiluminescent substrate. When the HRP and acridan conjugated antibodies bind to CRP they are brought into close proximity. With the addition of hydrogen peroxide, HRP catalyzes oxidation of proximal acridan molecules causing a flash of chemiluminescence. Acridan conjugated antibodies distant from HRP produce no signal. This principle allows the development of a homogeneous assay that allows rapid measurement of CRP concentrations.

The HRP and acridan conjugated antibodies provided with the kit are mixed with standards and diluted samples in wells of the 96-well SPARCL™ plate provided with the kit<sup>2</sup>. After incubation for 30 minutes on a shaker at 25°C and 150 rpm, the plate is placed into a luminometer. Trigger solution containing hydrogen peroxide is injected into each well and luminescence is immediately measured. The concentration of CRP is proportional to luminescence and is derived from a standard curve.

### MATERIALS AND COMPONENTS

#### *Materials provided with the kit:*

- Anti-pig CRP HRP conjugate stock. **Store ≤ -70°C**
- Anti-pig CRP acridan conjugate stock. **Store ≤ -70°C**
- Pig CRP stock (3 vials). **Store ≤ -70°C**
- Diluent (CSD50-1), 50 ml
- Trigger solution, 7 ml
- White SPARCL™ plate (12 x 8-well)
- Clear untreated 96-well plate

#### *Materials required but not provided:*

- Precision pipettes and tips
- Polypropylene tubes
- Vortex mixer
- Micro-Plate incubator/shaker
- Luminometer capable of simultaneous injection & measurement
- PC graphing software

### STORAGE

Store the HRP conjugate, acridan conjugate and CRP stock at -70°C (they may be stored at -20°C for one week). The remainder of the kit should be stored at 2-8°C. The SPARCL™ plate should be kept in a sealed bag with desiccant and antioxidant. The kit will remain stable

for at least six months from the date of purchase, provided that the components are stored as described.

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

The dilution buffer and 8-well strips used in the assay should be allowed to reach room temperature (25°C) before use.

### STANDARD PREPARATION

The pig CRP stock is comprised of lyophilized pig acute phase serum. The CRP content was determined by reference to pig CRP purified at Life Diagnostics, Inc.

1. Reconstitute the lyophilized stock as described on the vial label. Mix gently until dissolved.
2. Label 8 polypropylene tubes<sup>3</sup> as 1000, 500, 250, 125, 62.5, 31.25, 15.63 and 7.81 ng/ml.
3. Into the tube labeled 1000 ng/ml, pipette the volume of diluent detailed on the stock vial label. Then add the indicated volume of stock and mix gently. This provides the 1000 ng/ml standard.
4. Dispense 150 µl of diluent into the tubes labeled 500, 250, 125, 62.5, 31.25, 15.63 and 7.81 ng/ml.
5. Pipette 150 µl of the 1000 ng/ml CRP standard into the tube labeled 500 ng/ml and mix. This provides the 500 ng/ml CRP standard.
6. Similarly prepare the remaining standards by two-fold serial dilution.

**Please Note: Use the standards within one hour of preparation.**

### SAMPLE PREPARATION

Serum or heparinized plasma should be prepared as quickly as possible after blood collection. Do not use EDTA or citrate plasma unless samples are diluted at least 100-fold (EDTA and citrate inhibit HRP causing false low CRP values). All samples should be similarly processed (i.e., storage times and temperatures should be the same). If samples cannot be assayed immediately they should be frozen at or below -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaws.

In serum from pigs identified as sick at a local abattoir we found CRP levels of 247±179 µg/ml (mean±SD, n=10, range = 60.3 to 559.7 µg/ml). Because the pig CRP SPARCL assay uses a homogeneous format, it is susceptible to a prozone or "hook effect" at high CRP concentrations. We found that if samples were tested at dilutions of 1600-fold or greater the prozone effect was eliminated. However, because CRP levels depend on the degree of acute phase response and the timing of serum collection, optimal dilutions must be determined by the end user.

A 1600-fold dilution can be achieved as follows.

1. Dispense 95 µl and 197.5 µl of diluent into two microcentrifuge tubes.
2. Mix 5.0 µl of sample with 95 µl of diluent in the first tube to give a 20-fold dilution.

<sup>1</sup> The SPARCL technology was developed by Lumigen Corp.

<sup>2</sup> The plate provided with the kit has been treated with a reagent that reduces background chemiluminescence. Untreated plates cannot be used.

<sup>3</sup> Dilutions of standards can be performed in wells A1-A8 of the clear untreated 96-well plate provided with the kit. This allows rapid transfer of standards to the white SPARCL™ plate using a multipipettor. Diluted samples can also be first aliquoted into

appropriate wells of the clear polystyrene plate and subsequently transferred to the SPARCL™ plate with a multipipettor. If using this method, ensure that an excess volume is aliquoted into the clear plate in order to ensure complete transfer of 50 µl aliquots to the SPARCL™ plate.

- Mix 2.50  $\mu\text{l}$  of the 20 fold diluted sample with 197.5  $\mu\text{l}$  of diluent in the second tube to give a 1600-fold dilution.

### CONJUGATE MIX PREPARATION

Instructions for preparation of the conjugate mix are detailed on the box that contains the HRP and acridan conjugates. If necessary, after thawing, briefly centrifuge to ensure that the contents are at the bottom of the tubes. Prepare the mix shortly before use using the diluent provided with the kit.

### LUMINOMETER SETUP

- The luminometer must be capable of injection and simultaneous measurement of luminescence without any delay.
- Prime the luminometer injection port with 1 ml of trigger solution.
- Place the injection needle into the injection port as needed for BMG luminometers.
- Program the luminometer to inject 37.5  $\mu\text{l}$  of trigger solution per well and to measure from time zero for 1 second (50 x 0.02 second intervals).
- Define the format of the assay using the luminometer software.
- Because the white SPARCL™ plate is provided as a 12 x 8-well strips, allowing use of fewer than 96-wells, make sure that the luminometer is programmed to inject trigger solution only into the wells being used.
- We use a BMG LUMIstar Omega set at a gain of 3600. Optimal gain should be determined by the end user.
- There are a number of manufacturers of luminometers that are equipped to run a SPARCL™ assay. Please contact Life Diagnostics or Lumigen ([www.lumigen.com](http://www.lumigen.com)) to discuss your luminometer.

### PROCEDURE

- Before starting the assay ensure that the luminometer is primed with trigger solution and that the injection needle is positioned in the injection port.
- Secure the desired number of SPARCL™ 8-well strips in the holder. Immediately seal unused strips in the resealable bag with desiccant and antioxidant. Store unused strips at 2-8°C.
- Aliquot 25.0  $\mu\text{l}$  of conjugate mix into each well.
- Dispense 50.0  $\mu\text{l}$  of standards and diluted samples into the wells (we recommend that standards and samples be tested in duplicate).
- Incubate on an orbital micro-plate shaker at 150 rpm 25°C for 30 minutes.
- After the 30-minute incubation, place the plate in the luminometer and measure luminescence after injection of trigger solution (37.5  $\mu\text{l}$ ).
- Remove the plate from the luminometer and discard the used strips. Keep the plate frame if future use is intended.

### CALCULATION OF RESULTS

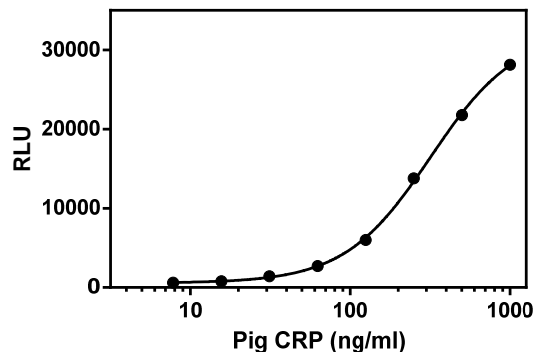
- Before calculating results, review the raw data. If artefacts (RLU spikes) are apparent immediately after injection of trigger solution, eliminate that portion of the luminescence profile from analysis for all wells.
- Using graphing software, construct a standard curve by plotting the luminescence (RLU) for the standards versus the  $\log_{10}$  of the CRP concentration.
- Derive the corresponding concentration of CRP in the samples from the standard curve (remember to derive the concentration from the antilog).

- Multiply the derived concentration by the dilution factor to determine the actual concentration of CRP in the serum or plasma sample.
- If the RLU values of diluted samples fall outside the standard curve, samples should be diluted appropriately and re-tested.

### TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE

A typical standard curve with RLU plotted on the Y-axis versus CRP concentrations on the X-axis is shown below. This curve is for the purpose of illustration only and should not be used to calculate unknowns. Each user should obtain his or her data and standard curve in each experiment.

CRP (ng/ml)	RLU
1000	28139
500	21771
250	13772
125	6006
62.5	2711
31.25	1406
15.63	775
7.81	605



### REFERENCES

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